

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY  
CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Consolidated Financial Statements**

**With Independent Auditors' Report  
For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023**

Address: 16F., No. 97, Sec. 1, Xintai 5th Rd., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City  
Telephone: (02)2697-2886

The independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

## Table of contents

Contents	Page
1. Cover Page	1
2. Table of Contents	2
3. Representation Letter	3
4. Independent Auditors' Report	4
5. Consolidated Balance Sheets	5
6. Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	6
7. Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	7
8. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	8
9. Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	
(1) Company history	9
(2) Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements	9
(3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted	9~11
(4) Summary of material accounting policies	11~26
(5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty	26
(6) Explanation of significant accounts	27~55
(7) Related-party transactions	55~57
(8) Pledged assets	58
(9) Commitments and contingencies	58
(10) Losses due to major disasters	58
(11) Subsequent events	58
(12) Other	58
(13) Other disclosures	
(a) Information on significant transactions	59~62
(b) Information on investees	62~63
(c) Information on investment in mainland China	63~64
(d) Major shareholders	64
(14) Segment information	64~65

## **Representation Letter**

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Formosa Optical Technology Corporation as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024 under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements. " endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, Formosa Optical Technology Corporation and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Company name: Formosa Optical Technology Corporation

Chairman: Kuo-Chou Tsai

Date: March 6, 2025



安侯建業聯合會計師事務所  
KPMG

台北市110615信義路5段7號68樓(台北101大樓)  
68F., TAIPEI 101 TOWER, No. 7, Sec. 5,  
Xinyi Road, Taipei City 110615, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

電話	Tel	+ 886 2 8101 6666
傳真	Fax	+ 886 2 8101 6667
網址	Web	kpmg.com/tw

## Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Formosa Optical Technology Corporation:

### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Formosa Optical Technology Corporation and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IASs"), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") or the former Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matter to be communicated in our report.

#### 1. Valuation of inventories

Please refer to note 4(h) "Inventories" to the consolidated financial statements for the accounting policies on inventory valuation, note 5(a) for the uncertainties over accounting estimation and assumption regarding to inventory valuation, and note 6(f) for details of inventories.

Description of the key audit matter:

Inventories of the Group were measured at the lower of costs or net realizable values. Market competition leads to rapid changes in product prices, and the products may not meet market demand and thus become obsolete. As a result, estimation of net realizable value may involve management's subjective judgment. Therefore, we considered inventory valuation to be a key audit matter in our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our principle audit procedures in this area included assessing the reasonableness of the Group's policies on loss allowances for inventory write downs or obsolescence and whether the aforementioned loss allowances have been recognized pursuant to relevant standards; through reviewing inventory aging reports, obtaining an inventory aging analysis and sampling to verify whether inventories are classified in the appropriate age range; and performing net realizable value tests on inventories to assess the reasonableness of the recognition of write-down of inventories.

**Other Matter**

Formosa Optical Technology Corporation has prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

**Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the IFRSs, IASs, IFRC, SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

**Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matter communicated with those charged with governance, we determine the matter that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matter. We describe the matter in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Yu-Feng Hsu and Hui-Chih Kou.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China)  
March 10, 2025

#### **Notes to Readers**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated statement of financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' audit report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' audit report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Balance Sheets****December 31, 2024 and 2023****(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

		<b>December 31, 2024</b>		<b>December 31, 2023</b>				<b>December 31, 2024</b>		<b>December 31, 2023</b>	
		<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>			<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>
<b>Assets</b>						<b>Liabilities and Equity</b>					
<b>Current assets:</b>						<b>Current liabilities:</b>					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a))	\$ 164,020	2	134,810	2	2100	Short-term borrowings (notes 6(l) and 7)	\$ 1,400,030	18	1,109,500	16
1110	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(b))	934,307	12	969,375	14	2150	Notes payable	27,655	-	21,530	-
1120	Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (notes 6(c) and 8)	1,686,372	21	1,229,750	17	2160	Notes payable to related parties (note 7)	427,145	5	423,613	6
1136	Current financial assets at amortised cost (notes 6(d) and 8)	1,157,337	14	1,084,599	15	2170	Accounts payable	132,301	2	134,779	2
1170	Accounts receivable (notes 6(e) and (u))	31,329	-	44,407	1	2180	Accounts payable to related parties (note 7)	2,724	-	1,583	-
1200	Other receivables (including related parties) (note 7)	88,634	1	79,003	1	2200	Other payables (including related parties) (notes 6(m) and 7)	430,514	5	412,111	6
130X	Inventories (note 6(f))	737,169	10	624,236	8	2230	Current tax liabilities	64,102	1	82,032	1
1175	Lease payments receivable (note 6(g))	3,432	-	3,347	-	2280	Current lease liabilities (note 6(p))	303,606	4	304,762	4
1410	Other current assets	31,049	-	58,780	1	2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion (note 6(n))	27,712	-	27,359	-
	<b>Total current assets</b>	<u>4,833,649</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>4,228,307</u>	<u>59</u>	2300	Other current liabilities	56,288	1	55,180	1
<b>Non-current assets:</b>						<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<u>2,872,077</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>2,572,449</u>	<u>36</u>
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (note 6(c))	166,565	2	73,243	1	<b>Non-Current liabilities:</b>					
1535	Non-current financial assets at amortised cost (note 6(d))	-	-	4,878	-	2540	Long-term borrowings (notes 6(n) and 7)	310,089	4	337,656	5
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method (note 6(h))	419,114	5	410,284	7	2550	Non-current provisions	22,678	-	21,374	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment (notes 6(i) and 8)	1,277,032	17	1,235,803	17	2570	Deferred tax liabilities (note 6(r))	360,487	5	309,882	4
1755	Right-of-use assets (note 6(j))	981,934	13	964,193	13	2580	Non-current lease liabilities (note 6(p))	712,366	9	694,024	10
1760	Investment property, net (notes 6(k), 7 and 8)	164,013	2	78,638	2	2645	Guarantee deposits received (note 6(o))	243,312	3	238,840	3
1780	Intangible assets	17,341	-	15,082	-	<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<u>1,648,932</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>1,601,776</u>	<u>22</u>
1840	Deferred tax assets (note 6(r))	11,767	-	10,817	-	<b>Total liabilities</b>		<u>4,521,009</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>4,174,225</u>	<u>58</u>
1915	Prepayments for business facilities	9,214	-	-	-	<b>Equity attributable to owners of parent (notes 6(c) and (s)):</b>					
1935	Long-term lease payments receivable (note 6(g))	16,807	-	19,172	-	3110	Ordinary share	600,599	7	600,599	8
1920	Refundable deposits (note 6(p))	75,993	1	75,477	1	3200	Capital surplus	474,994	6	474,688	7
1975	Net defined benefit asset, non-current (note 6(q))	26,186	-	21,974	-	Retained earnings:					
	<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<u>3,165,966</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>2,909,561</u>	<u>41</u>	3310	Legal reserve	555,534	7	503,073	7
						3320	Special reserve	124,374	1	226,095	3
						3350	Unappropriated retained earnings	1,651,936	21	1,277,610	18
						Total retained earnings		<u>2,331,844</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>2,006,778</u>	<u>28</u>
						3400	Other equity	65,473	1	(124,374)	(1)
						<b>Total equity attributable to owners of parent:</b>		<u>3,472,910</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>2,957,691</u>	<u>42</u>
						36XX	Non-controlling interests	5,696	-	5,952	-
						<b>Total equity</b>		<u>3,478,606</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>2,963,643</u>	<u>42</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u>\$ 7,999,615</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>7,137,868</u>	<u>100</u>	<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>		<u>\$ 7,999,615</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>7,137,868</u>	<u>100</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.



(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)  
**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**  
**For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023**  
**(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share)**

		<b>2024</b>		<b>2023</b>	
		<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>%</b>
4000	<b>Operating revenue (note 6(u))</b>	\$ 3,972,067	100	3,863,856	100
5000	<b>Operating costs (note 6(f))</b>	<u>1,472,347</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>1,481,877</u>	<u>38</u>
	<b>Gross profit from operations</b>	<u>2,499,720</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>2,381,979</u>	<u>62</u>
	<b>Operating expenses (notes 6(i), (j), (k), (q), (v) and 7):</b>				
6100	Selling expenses	2,039,023	52	1,957,308	51
6200	Administrative expenses	<u>127,969</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>96,645</u>	<u>2</u>
	<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<u>2,166,992</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>2,053,953</u>	<u>53</u>
	<b>Net operating income</b>	<u>332,728</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>328,026</u>	<u>9</u>
	<b>Non-operating income and expenses (notes 6(h), (w) and 7):</b>				
7100	Interest income	124,574	3	104,315	3
7010	Other income	101,914	3	95,197	2
7020	Other gains and losses, net	(11,500)	-	19,274	-
7050	Finance costs, net	(45,088)	(1)	(36,604)	(1)
7060	Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, net	<u>115,212</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>(10,801)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<b>Total non-operating income and expenses</b>	<u>285,112</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>171,381</u>	<u>4</u>
7900	<b>Profit before income tax</b>	617,840	16	499,407	13
7950	Less: Income tax expenses (note 6(r))	<u>123,284</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>81,508</u>	<u>2</u>
8200	<b>Profit</b>	<u>494,556</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>417,899</u>	<u>11</u>
8300	<b>Other comprehensive income:</b>				
8310	<b>Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss</b>				
8311	Gains on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	3,695	-	1,159	-
8316	Unrealized gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	356,875	8	234,806	6
8320	Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	160	-	64	-
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	<u>739</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>232</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>359,991</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>235,797</u>	<u>6</u>
8360	<b>Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss</b>				
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	26,839	1	(34,015)	(1)
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	<u>5,368</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(6,803)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<b>Total components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss</b>	<u>21,471</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>(27,212)</u>	<u>(1)</u>
8300	<b>Other comprehensive income</b>	<u>381,462</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>208,585</u>	<u>5</u>
8500	<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<u>\$ 876,018</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>626,484</u>	<u>16</u>
	<b>Profit, attributable to:</b>				
8610	Owners of parent	\$ 494,812	13	417,942	11
8620	Non-controlling interests	<u>(256)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(43)</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>\$ 494,556</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>417,899</u>	<u>11</u>
	<b>Comprehensive income attributable to:</b>				
8710	Owners of parent	\$ 876,274	22	626,527	16
8720	Non-controlling interests	<u>(256)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(43)</u>	<u>-</u>
	Earnings per share (dollars) (note 6(t))	<u>\$ 876,018</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>626,484</u>	<u>16</u>
9750	<b>Basic earnings per share</b>	<u>\$ 8.24</u>		<u>6.96</u>	
9850	<b>Diluted earnings per share</b>	<u>\$ 8.22</u>		<u>6.94</u>	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)  
**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity**  
**For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023**  
**(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

	Equity attributable to owners of parent											
	Retained earnings						Total other equity					
	Ordinary shares	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Total retained earnings	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total other equity	Total equity attributable to owners of parent	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 600,599	477,975	485,462	257,342	997,627	1,740,431	(143,085)	(83,010)	(226,095)	2,592,910	5,995	2,598,905
Profit	-	-	-	-	417,942	417,942	-	-	-	417,942	(43)	417,899
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	991	991	(27,212)	234,806	207,594	208,585	-	208,585
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	418,933	418,933	(27,212)	234,806	207,594	626,527	(43)	626,484
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:												
Legal reserve	-	-	17,611	-	(17,611)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	(31,247)	31,247	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends on ordinary shares	-	-	-	-	(258,258)	(258,258)	-	-	-	(258,258)	-	(258,258)
Changes in equity of associates accounted for using equity method	-	(3,287)	-	-	-	-	(201)	-	(201)	(3,488)	-	(3,488)
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	105,672	105,672	-	(105,672)	(105,672)	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2023	600,599	474,688	503,073	226,095	1,277,610	2,006,778	(170,498)	46,124	(124,374)	2,957,691	5,952	2,963,643
Profit	-	-	-	-	494,812	494,812	-	-	-	494,812	(256)	494,556
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	3,115	3,115	21,471	356,876	378,347	381,462	-	381,462
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	497,927	497,927	21,471	356,876	378,347	876,274	(256)	876,018
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:												
Legal reserve	-	-	52,461	-	(52,461)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends on ordinary shares	-	-	-	-	(360,359)	(360,359)	-	-	-	(360,359)	-	(360,359)
Reversal of special reserve	-	-	-	(101,721)	101,721	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in equity of associates and joint venture accounted for using equity method	-	306	-	-	(1,002)	(1,002)	-	-	-	(696)	-	(696)
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	188,500	188,500	-	(188,500)	(188,500)	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 600,599	474,994	555,534	124,374	1,651,936	2,331,844	(149,027)	214,500	65,473	3,472,910	5,696	3,478,606

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)  
**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
**For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023**  
**(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
<b>Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:</b>		
<b>Profit before tax</b>	\$ 617,840	499,407
<b>Adjustments:</b>		
<b>Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):</b>		
Depreciation expense	508,791	490,169
Amortization expense	6,973	8,482
Net loss (gain) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	10,832	(18,657)
Interest expense	45,088	36,604
Interest income	(124,574)	(104,315)
Dividend income	(58,409)	(55,624)
Share of loss (profit) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	(115,212)	10,801
Loss on disposal of property, plan and equipment	4,140	706
Gain on lease modification	1,480	(590)
Gain on sublease of right-of-use assets	(1,658)	(887)
<b>Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)</b>	<u>277,451</u>	<u>366,689</u>
<b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</b>		
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	13,078	(14,873)
Increase in other receivables	(9,631)	(40,112)
Increase in inventories	(112,933)	(40,114)
Decrease (increase) in other current assets	19,565	(36,840)
Increase in net defined benefit assets, non-current	(517)	(496)
Increase in notes payable	6,125	5,593
Increase in notes payable to related parties	3,532	88,360
Decrease (increase) in accounts payable	(2,478)	4,879
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable to related parties	1,141	(4,650)
Increase in other payables	11,848	67,339
Increase in provisions	104	2,682
Increase in other current liabilities	1,108	5,016
<b>Total changes in operating assets and liabilities</b>	<u>(69,058)</u>	<u>36,784</u>
<b>Total adjustments</b>	<u>208,393</u>	<u>403,473</u>
Cash inflow generated from operations	826,233	902,880
Interest received	124,250	104,303
Interest paid	(43,888)	(35,562)
Income taxes paid	(92,139)	(68,110)
<b>Net cash flows from operating activities</b>	<u>814,456</u>	<u>903,511</u>
<b>Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:</b>		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(727,961)	(559,616)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	543,058	440,676
Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost	(67,860)	45,226
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(546,877)	(954,892)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	625,266	834,222
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(212,719)	(231,018)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	3,668	1,301
Increase in refundable deposits	(516)	(2,165)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(9,232)	(4,367)
Acquisition of investment properties	(86,677)	-
Decrease in lease payments receivables	7,858	242
Increase in prepayments for equipment	(9,214)	-
Dividends received	58,409	58,757
<b>Net cash flows used in investing activities</b>	<u>(422,797)</u>	<u>(371,634)</u>
<b>Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:</b>		
Increase in short-term borrowings	290,530	80,190
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(27,214)	(43,988)
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received	4,472	(4,942)
Payment of lease liabilities	(342,883)	(329,489)
Cash dividends paid	(360,359)	(258,258)
<b>Net cash flows used in financing activities</b>	<u>(435,454)</u>	<u>(556,487)</u>
<b>Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents</b>	<u>73,005</u>	<u>5,142</u>
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	29,210	(19,468)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period</b>	<u>134,810</u>	<u>154,278</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<u><u>\$ 164,020</u></u>	<u><u>134,810</u></u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)  
**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

**For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023**

**(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)**

**(1) Company history:**

FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION (the “Company”) was established on November 9, 1989 under the Company Act of the Republic of China. The registered address is 16F., No. 97, Sec. 1, Xintai 5th Rd., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City. The Company's share have been listed on the Taipei Exchange (TPEX) Mainboard since May 25, 1996. The Group is mainly engaged in eyewear business, including optometry service and retail business selling contact lens and eye drops.

**(2) Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements:**

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on March 6, 2025.

**(3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:**

- (a) The impact of the IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. which have already been adopted.

The Group has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from January 1, 2024:

- Amendments to IAS 1 “Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current”
- Amendments to IAS 1 “Non-current Liabilities with Covenants”
- Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 “Supplier Finance Arrangements”
- Amendments to IFRS 16 “Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback”

- (b) The impact of IFRS issued by the FSC but not yet effective

The Group assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2025, would not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IAS21 “Lack of Exchangeability”

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- (c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The following new and amended standards, which may be relevant to the Group, have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), but have yet to be endorsed by the FSC:

<b>Standards or Interpretations</b>	<b>Content of amendment</b>	<b>Effective date per IASB</b>
IFRS 18 “Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements”	<p>The new standard introduces three categories of income and expenses, two income statement subtotals and one single note on management performance measures. The three amendments, combined with enhanced guidance on how to disaggregate information, set the stage for better and more consistent information for users, and will affect all the entities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A more structured income statement: under current standards, companies use different formats to present their results, making it difficult for investors to compare financial performance across companies. The new standard promotes a more structured income statement, introducing a newly defined ‘operating profit’ subtotal and a requirement for all income and expenses to be allocated between three new distinct categories based on a company’s main business activities.</li> <li>• Management performance measures (MPMs): the new standard introduces a definition for management performance measures, and requires companies to explain in a single note to the financial statements why the measure provides useful information, how it is calculated and reconcile it to an amount determined under IFRS Accounting Standards.</li> <li>• Greater disaggregation of information: the new standard includes enhanced guidance on how companies group information in the financial statements. This includes guidance on whether information is included in the primary financial statements or is further disaggregated in the notes.</li> </ul>	January 1, 2027

(Continued)

## FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Group is evaluating the impact on its consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance upon the initial adoption of the abovementioned standards or interpretations. The results thereof will be disclosed when the Group completes its evaluation.

The Group does not expect the following other new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 “Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture”
- IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts” and amendments to IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”
- IFRS 19 “Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures”
- Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 “Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments”
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards—Volume 11
- Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 “Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity”

#### (4) Summary of material accounting policies:

The material accounting policies presented in the consolidated financial statements are summarized below. Except for those specifically indicated, the following accounting policies were applied consistently throughout the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

##### (a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (hereinafter referred to as “the Regulations” ) and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C..

##### (b) Basis of preparation

###### (i) Basis of measurement

Except for the following significant accounts, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis:

- 1) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value;
- 2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value;
- 3) The defined benefit assets are measured at fair value of the plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation, limited as explained in note 4(q).

(Continued)

## FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each Group entity is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollar (NTD), which is the Group's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Taiwan Dollar has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

(c) Basis of consolidation

(i) Principles of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group 'controls' an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. Intragroup balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from Intragroup transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The Group attributes the profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Company.

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received will be recognized directly in equity, and the Group will attribute it to the owners of the parent.

(ii) List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

List of the subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name investor	Name of investee	Scope of business	Percentage of ownership	
			December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
The Company	New Path International Co., Ltd.	Investment activities	100.00 %	100.00 %
The Company	Milanno Optical Co., Ltd.	Sell optical glasses, frames and eye drops, office machinery and equipment, and retail sale of telecom instruments	100.00 %	100.00 %
The Company	Bao Wei Optical Co., Ltd.	Sell optical glasses, frames and eye care solution	100.00 %	100.00 %
The Company	Bao Xiang Optical Co., Ltd.	Sell optical glasses, frames and eye care solution	100.00 %	100.00 %
The Company	Bao An Shi Technology Co., Ltd.	Sell medical consumable goods	90.00 %	90.00 %

(iii) Subsidiaries excluded from the consolidated financial statements: None.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(d) Foreign currencies

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of Group entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Nonmonetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for those differences relating to the following, which are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- 1) an investment in equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- 2) a financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to the extent that the hedge is effective; or
- 3) qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.

(ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the presentation currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence, or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in an associate or joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

When the settlement of a monetary receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, Exchange differences arising from such a monetary item that are considered to form part of the net investment in the foreign operation are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(Continued)



**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(e) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

The Group classifies the asset as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non-current.

- (i) It is expected to be realized, or intended to be sold or consumed, in the normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) The asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in IAS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Group classifies the liability as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

- (i) It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) The Group does not have the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits which meet the above definition and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes should be recognized as cash equivalents.

(g) Financial instruments

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

(i) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI )

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Group's right to receive payment is established.

3) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as amortized cost or FVOCI described as above (e.g. financial assets held for trading and those that are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis) are measured at FVTPL, including derivative financial assets. Trade receivables that the Group intends to sell immediately or in the near term are measured at FVTPL; however, they are included in the 'trade receivables' line item. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset, which meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

4) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, amortized costs, notes and trade receivables, other receivables, leases receivable, guarantee deposit paid and other financial assets).

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss (ECL), except for the following which are measured as 12-month ECL:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

Lifetime ECL are the ECL that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month ECL are the portion of ECL that result from default events that are possible within the 12 month after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECL is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive). ECL are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial assets is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being past due;

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- the lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. For corporate customers, the Group individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

5) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

(ii) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

1) Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as financial liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

2) Equity instrument

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued are recognized as the amount of consideration received, less the direct cost of issuing.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

3) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

4) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Group also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

5) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(h) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The cost of Inventories is calculated using the weighted average method based on individual item, except the inventories with identical categories.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the selling expenses.

(i) Investment in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over their financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The carrying amount of the investment in associates includes goodwill arising from the acquisition less any accumulated impairment losses.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of those associates, after adjustments to align their accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date on which significant influence commences until the date on which significant influence ceases. The Group recognizes any changes of its proportionate share in the investee within capital surplus, when an associate's equity changes due to reasons other than profit and loss or comprehensive income, which did not result in changes in actual proportionate share.

Gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and an associate are recognized only to the extent of unrelated Group's interests in the associate.

When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interests in an associate, it discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. After the recognized interest is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

When the Group subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment will differ from the amount of the Group's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Group records such a difference as an adjustment to investments, with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. The aforesaid adjustment should first be adjusted under capital surplus. If the capital surplus resulting from changes in ownership interest is not sufficient, the remaining difference is debited to retained earnings. If the Group's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of the associate by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate will be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

(j) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

1) buildings	20~50 years
2) office equipment	3~10 years
3) transportation equipment	2~5 years
4) decoration equipment	3~10 years
5) leasehold improvement	6~10 years
6) other equipment	5~10 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

**(k) Leases**

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

**(i) As a lessee**

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- 1) fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- 2) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- 3) amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- 4) payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- 1) there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- 2) there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- 3) there is a change in the lease term resulting from a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an option to purchase the underlying asset, or
- 4) there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise a extension or termination option; or
- 5) there is any lease modifications

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low-value assets, including office equipment. The Group recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As a practical expedient, the Group elects not to assess whether all rent concessions that meets all the following conditions are lease modifications or not:

- 1) the change in lease payments that resulted in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- 2) any reduction in lease payments that affects only those payments originally due on, or before, June 30, 2022; and
- 3) there is no substantive change in other terms and conditions of the lease.

In accordance with the practical expedient, the effect of the change in the lease liability is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concession occurs.

(Continued)



**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ii) As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Group makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Group considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset. A lease is classified as an operating lease when title to the underlying asset passes at the end of the lease at a price equal to the then-current change in fair value or when there is a change in the lease payments such that substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are not transferred to the lessor.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Group applies IFRS15 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The Group recognizes a finance lease receivable at an amount equal to its net investment in the lease. Initial direct costs, such as lessors to negotiate and arrange a lease, are included in the measurement of the net investment. The interest income is recognized over the lease term based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment in the lease. The Group recognizes lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as 'rental income'.

(I) Intangible assets

(i) Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Amortization

Amortization is calculated over the cost of the asset, less its residual value, and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, from the date that they are available for use.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The estimated useful lives for current and comparative periods are as follows:

- |                                  |             |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| 1) Computer software             | 1 ~ 3 years |
| 2) Transfer fee of shopping area | 5 years     |

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(m) Impairment of non financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units (CGUs). Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

(n) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as finance cost.

(o) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Group recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Revenue of the Group comes from sales of eyewear supplies. The Group recognizes revenue when the goods or services are delivered to the customer in accordance with the sales contract, and the customer has full discretion to use and dispose of the goods.

Service and labor revenues are derived from the provision of management services and labor. Revenue are recognized on the basis of a fixed amount of the customer's operating performance and on the basis of a direct measurement of labor transferred to date.

(p) Employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

(ii) Defined benefit plans

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each the plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings within equity. The Group determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

(iii) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(q) Income taxes

Income taxes comprise current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss.

Current taxes comprise the expected tax payables or receivables on the taxable profits (losses) for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payables or receivables are the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases. Deferred taxes are recognized except for the following:

- (i) temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits (losses) at the time of the transaction;
- (ii) temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- (iii) taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the carry forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized.

Deferred taxes are measured at tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the following criteria are met:

- (i) the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (ii) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - 1) the same taxable entity; or
  - 2) different taxable entities which intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(r) Earnings per share

The Group discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company. Basic earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares, such as employee compensation.

(s) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Group). Operating results of the operating segment are regularly reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance. Each operating segment consists of standalone financial information.

**(5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty**

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, management has made judgments and estimates about the future, including climate-related risks and opportunities, that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis and are consistent with the Group's risk management and climate-related commitments where appropriate. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively in the period of the change and future periods.

There are no critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements. Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is as follows:

(a) Valuation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the Group estimates the net realizable value of inventories for normal wear and tear, obsolescence or unmarketable items at the reporting date, and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on assumptions as to the future demand for products within a specific time horizon. Therefore there may be significant changes in the net realizable value of inventories. Please refer to note 6(f) for further description of the valuation of inventories.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

**(6) Explanation of significant accounts**

**(a) Cash and cash equivalents**

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Cash on hand	\$ 14,541	19,762
Demand deposits	149,479	115,048
	<b><u>\$ 164,020</u></b>	<b><u>134,810</u></b>

Please refer to note 6(x) for the interest rate risk and sensitivity analysis of the financial assets and liabilities of the Group.

**(b) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss**

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss:		
Domestic mutual funds	\$ 57,258	163,927
Foreign mutual funds	170,953	182,237
Foreign bonds	706,096	623,211
Total	<b><u>\$ 934,307</u></b>	<b><u>969,375</u></b>

**(c) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income**

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income:		
Current		
Domestic listed ordinary shares	\$ 1,614,998	1,167,140
Domestic listed preferred shares	71,374	62,610
	<b><u>\$ 1,686,372</u></b>	<b><u>1,229,750</u></b>
Non-current		
Domestic listed ordinary shares - private ordinary shares	\$ 18,014	17,689
Domestic unlisted preferred shares	12,257	-
Domestic unlisted ordinary shares	136,294	55,554
	<b><u>\$ 166,565</u></b>	<b><u>73,243</u></b>

The Group designated the investments shown above as equity securities at fair value through other comprehensive income because these equity securities represent those investments that the Group intends to hold for the long term strategic purposes.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group has sold its shares classified as FVTOCI as a result of consideration of the investment strategy. The shares sold had a fair value of \$543,058 thousand and \$440,676 thousand, respectively, and the Group realized a gain of \$188,500 thousand and \$105,672 thousand, respectively. The gain has been transferred to retain earnings from other equity.

The financial assets of the Group had been pledged as collateral for its long-term borrowings and credit line. Please refer to note 8.

(d) Financial assets at amortized cost

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Current		
Time deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months	\$ <u><u>1,157,337</u></u>	<u><u>1,084,599</u></u>
Non-current		
Repatriated offshore funds	\$ <u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>4,878</u></u>

The Group has assessed that these financial assets are held-to-maturity to collect contractual cash flows, which consist solely of payments of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding. Therefore, these investments were classified as financial assets at amortized cost.

Since the Group is subject to Regulations Governing the Management, Utilization, and Taxation of Repatriated Offshore Funds, which restricts the use of repatriated funds, the Group classified the funds as financial assets at amortized cost- non-current. This investment plan expires on December 31, 2024, and will be withdrawn in installments to unrestricted accounts in accordance with regulation. The Group obtained an audit report on its investment plan from its accountant in June, 2024, and the balance of its special account for the repatriation of foreign-currency surpluses, which consisted of interest on deposits only, was classified as an unrestricted account.

Part of the financial assets were pledged as collateral for long-term borrowings and credit lines. Please refer to note 8.

(e) Notes receivable and accounts receivable

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Accounts receivables	\$ 31,437	44,515
Lease: Loss allowance	<u>108</u>	<u>108</u>
	\$ <u><u>31,329</u></u>	<u><u>44,407</u></u>

The primary accounts receivable were receivables of credit cards from National Credit Card Center of the ROC, department stores and malls. The Group adopted a policy of only dealing with entities that are rated the equivalents of investment grade or higher and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e. the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all receivables. To measure the expected credit losses and accounts receivable have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due, as well as the incorporated forward looking information. The loss allowance provisions were determined as follows:

<b>December 31, 2024</b>			
	<b>Gross carrying amount</b>	<b>Weighted- average expected credit loss rate</b>	<b>Loss allowance provision</b>
Less than 30 days past due	\$ <u><u>31,437</u></u>	- %	<u><u>108</u></u>
<b>December 31, 2023</b>			
	<b>Gross carrying amount</b>	<b>Weighted- average expected credit loss rate</b>	<b>Loss allowance provision</b>
Less than 30 days past due	\$ <u><u>44,515</u></u>	- %	<u><u>108</u></u>

The movements in the allowance for notes receivable and accounts receivable were as follows:

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Opening balance (as closing balance)	\$ <u><u>108</u></u>	<u><u>108</u></u>
(f) Inventories		
	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Merchandise	\$ <u><u>737,169</u></u>	<u><u>624,236</u></u>

The details of operating cost were as follows:

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Inventory that has been sold	\$ 1,447,016	1,481,892
Service and Labor Costs	20,708	-
Write-downs and obsolescence losses of inventories	(330)	(3,594)
Scrapped inventories	3,787	3,162
Loss on physical count	<u>1,166</u>	<u>417</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 1,472,347</u></u>	<u><u>1,481,877</u></u>

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group did not provide any inventories as collateral for its loans.

The gain on inventory write-down and allowance for doubtful recovery recognized in 2024 was due to the sale and retirement of certain inventories.

(Continued)



**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(g) Lease payments receivable

The Group leased out its business premises in 2024. It classified the sub-lease as a finance lease because the sub-lease is for the whole of the remaining term of the head lease.

A maturity analysis of lease payments, which reflects the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date, is as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Less than one year	\$ 3,691	3,546
One to five years	10,519	11,896
More than five years	<u>7,128</u>	<u>8,373</u>
Total lease payments receivable	21,338	23,815
Unearned finance income	<u>(1,099)</u>	<u>(1,296)</u>
Present value of lease payments receivable	<u><b>\$ 20,239</b></u>	<u><b>22,519</b></u>
Lease payments receivable	<u><b>\$ 3,432</b></u>	<u><b>3,347</b></u>
Long-term lease payments receivable	<u><b>\$ 16,807</b></u>	<u><b>19,172</b></u>

For credit risk information, please refer to note 6(x).

(h) Investments accounted for using equity method

A summary of the Group's financial information for investments accounted for using the equity method at the reporting date is as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Polylite Taiwan Co., Ltd.	\$ 98,030	104,125
Glamor Vision Ltd.	<u>321,084</u>	<u>306,159</u>
	<u><b>\$ 419,114</b></u>	<u><b>410,284</b></u>

The information of associates which are material to the Group was as follow:

<b>Name of Associates</b>	<b>Proportion of shareholding and voting rights</b>	
	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Polylite Taiwan Co., Ltd.	13.44 %	13.44 %
Glamor Vision Ltd.	18.39 %	18.39 %

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The fair values of material associates listed on the Stock Exchange (over the counter) are as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
PolyLite Taiwan Co., Ltd.	114,670	130,335
(i) PolyLite Taiwan Co., Ltd.		
	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Current assets	\$ 330,236	415,049
Non-current assets	678,042	632,366
Current liabilities	(290,309)	(262,523)
Non-current liabilities	(12,285)	(14,034)
Net assets	<u>\$ 705,684</u>	<u>770,858</u>
Net assets attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>\$ (18,049)</u>	<u>(4,093)</u>
Net assets attributable to investee's shareholders	<u>\$ 723,733</u>	<u>774,951</u>
Ending carrying amounts of the equity of the associate attributable to the Group	<u>\$ 98,030</u>	<u>104,125</u>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Operating revenue	<u>\$ 309,912</u>	<u>360,452</u>
Net loss	(42,698)	(4,350)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(1,434)	1,093
Total comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ (44,132)</u>	<u>(3,257)</u>
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>\$ (13,956)</u>	<u>(15,551)</u>
Total comprehensive income attributable to investee's owners	<u>\$ (30,176)</u>	<u>12,294</u>
Total comprehensive income attributable to the Group	<u>\$ (3,268)</u>	<u>1,652</u>
(ii) Glamor Vision Ltd.		
	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Current assets	\$ 13,293	13,275
Non-current assets	5,766,984	5,658,282
Current liabilities	(687,553)	(246)
Non-current liabilities	(3,347,062)	(4,006,787)
Net assets	<u>\$ 1,745,662</u>	<u>1,664,524</u>
Ending carrying amount of the equity of the associate attributable to the Group	<u>\$ 321,084</u>	<u>306,159</u>

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Operating revenue	<b>\$ 822,400</b>	<b>701,920</b>
Net profit (loss)	\$ 643,726	(66,915)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(669,164)	(179,409)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	<b>\$ (25,438)</b>	<b>(246,324)</b>
Total comprehensive income attributable to the Group	<b>\$ (4,678)</b>	<b>(45,299)</b>

(i) Property, plant and equipment

The cost and depreciation of the property, plant and equipment of the Group were as follows:

	<b>Land</b>	<b>Buildings and construction</b>	<b>Office equipment</b>	<b>Transportation equipment</b>	<b>Decoration equipment</b>	<b>Leasehold improvements</b>	<b>Other equipment</b>	<b>Total</b>
Cost:								
Balance on January 1, 2024	\$ 288,993	495,066	806,525	4,891	903,621	17,535	2,055	2,518,686
Additions	-	-	98,800	1,958	110,697	300	964	212,719
Disposals	-	-	(32,843)	(1,191)	(57,346)	(186)	-	(91,566)
Reclassification	-	-	5,841	-	(21,422)	-	-	(15,581)
Balance on December 31, 2024	<b>\$ 288,993</b>	<b>495,066</b>	<b>878,323</b>	<b>5,658</b>	<b>935,550</b>	<b>17,649</b>	<b>3,019</b>	<b>2,624,258</b>
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$ 288,993	495,066	659,723	4,077	851,133	14,840	1,040	2,314,872
Additions	-	-	151,171	949	75,259	2,695	944	231,018
Disposal	-	-	(14,246)	(135)	(22,771)	-	-	(37,152)
Reclassification	-	-	9,877	-	-	-	71	9,948
Balance on December 31, 2023	<b>\$ 288,993</b>	<b>495,066</b>	<b>806,525</b>	<b>4,891</b>	<b>903,621</b>	<b>17,535</b>	<b>2,055</b>	<b>2,518,686</b>
Depreciation:								
Balance on January 1, 2024	\$ -	88,321	468,967	3,696	715,041	5,852	1,006	1,282,883
Depreciation	-	11,310	67,587	665	81,697	1,661	762	163,682
Disposal	-	-	(29,576)	(1,191)	(52,991)	-	-	(83,758)
Reclassification	-	-	279	-	(15,860)	-	-	(15,581)
Balance on December 31, 2024	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>99,631</b>	<b>507,257</b>	<b>3,170</b>	<b>727,887</b>	<b>7,513</b>	<b>1,768</b>	<b>1,347,226</b>
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$ -	77,011	430,676	3,175	653,760	4,454	652	1,169,728
Depreciation	-	11,310	51,764	656	83,233	1,300	44	148,307
Disposal	-	-	(13,466)	(135)	(21,952)	98	310	(35,145)
Reclassification	-	-	(7)	-	-	-	-	(7)
Balance on December 31, 2023	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>88,321</b>	<b>468,967</b>	<b>3,696</b>	<b>715,041</b>	<b>5,852</b>	<b>1,006</b>	<b>1,282,883</b>
Carrying amounts:								
Balance on December 31, 2024	<b>\$ 288,993</b>	<b>395,435</b>	<b>371,066</b>	<b>2,488</b>	<b>207,663</b>	<b>10,136</b>	<b>1,251</b>	<b>1,277,032</b>
Balance on January 1, 2023	<b>\$ 288,993</b>	<b>418,055</b>	<b>229,047</b>	<b>902</b>	<b>197,373</b>	<b>10,386</b>	<b>388</b>	<b>1,145,144</b>
Balance on December 31, 2023	<b>\$ 288,993</b>	<b>406,745</b>	<b>337,558</b>	<b>1,195</b>	<b>188,580</b>	<b>11,683</b>	<b>1,049</b>	<b>1,235,803</b>

The property, plant and equipment of the Group had been pledged as collateral for borrowings; please refer to note 8.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(j) Right-of-use assets

	<u><b>Buildings and construction</b></u>
Cost:	
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 1,576,099
Additions	429,850
Disposal	<u>(327,040)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u><b>\$ 1,678,909</b></u>
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 1,224,220
Additions	647,490
Disposal	<u>(295,611)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u><b>\$ 1,576,099</b></u>
Accumulated depreciation:	
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 611,906
Depreciation for the year	343,807
Disposal	<u>(258,738)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u><b>\$ 696,975</b></u>
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 435,986
Depreciation for the year	341,290
Disposal	<u>(165,370)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u><b>\$ 611,906</b></u>
Carrying amount:	
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u><b>\$ 981,934</b></u>
Balance at January 1, 2023	<u><b>\$ 788,234</b></u>
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u><b>\$ 964,193</b></u>

(k) Investment property

	<u><b>Land and improvements</b></u>	<u><b>Buildings and construction</b></u>	<u><b>Total</b></u>
Cost:			
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 64,056	34,383	98,439
Additions	<u>33,504</u>	<u>53,173</u>	<u>86,677</u>
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u><b>\$ 97,560</b></u>	<u><b>87,556</b></u>	<u><b>185,116</b></u>
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 64,056	34,331	98,387
Reclassification from property, plant and equipment	<u>-</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>52</u>
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u><b>\$ 64,056</b></u>	<u><b>34,383</b></u>	<u><b>98,439</b></u>

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	<b>Land and improvements</b>	<b>Buildings and construction</b>	<b>Total</b>
Accumulated depreciation:			
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ -	19,801	19,801
Depreciation for the year	-	1,302	1,302
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>21,103</u>	<u>21,103</u>
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ -	19,222	19,222
Depreciation for the year	-	572	572
Reclassification from property, plant and equipment	-	7	7
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>19,801</u>	<u>19,801</u>
Carrying amount:			
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 97,560</u>	<u>66,453</u>	<u>164,013</u>
Balance at January 1, 2023	<u>\$ 64,056</u>	<u>15,109</u>	<u>79,165</u>
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 64,056</u>	<u>14,582</u>	<u>78,638</u>

The Group purchased land and buildings for \$86,462 thousand from a construction company, which will be used for rental purposes in the future, therefore, it is reported as investment property, and it was accepted and delivered in April 2024.

The fair value of investment properties was not based on a valuation by a qualified independent appraiser. The management of the Group used the valuation model that market participants would use in determining the fair value, and the fair value was measured by using Level 3 inputs. The valuation was arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Fair value	<u>\$ 460,566</u>	<u>248,615</u>

The Group leased investment property to related party in 2024 and 2023; please refer to note 7.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the investment property of the Group had been pledged as collateral for borrowings; please refer to note 8.

(l) Short-term borrowings

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Unsecured bank loans	\$ 462,030	273,000
Secured bank loans	938,000	836,500
	<u>\$ 1,400,030</u>	<u>1,109,500</u>
Unused credit lines	<u>\$ 658,470</u>	<u>839,190</u>
Range of interest rates	<u>1.73%~2.22%</u>	<u>1.6%~2.10%</u>

For the collateral for bank loans, please refer to note 8.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The chairman of the Group, Mr. Tsai Kuo-Chou, and the vice chairman of the Group, Mr. Tsai Kuo-Ping, are the joint and several guarantors of the Group's bank loans, please refer to note 7.

(m) Other payables

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Payables for salaries and bonus	\$ 274,730	257,607
Payables for annual leaves	22,213	23,265
Payables for insurance expense	17,341	16,449
Payables for purchase of equipment	12,495	33,201
Payables for sales tax	17,164	17,788
Others	86,571	63,801
	<b><u>\$ 430,514</u></b>	<b><u>412,111</u></b>

(n) Long-term borrowings

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Secured bank loans	\$ 337,801	365,015
Less: current portion	(27,712)	(27,359)
Total	<b><u>\$ 310,089</u></b>	<b><u>337,656</u></b>
Unused long-term credit lines	<b><u>\$ 188,179</u></b>	<b><u>160,965</u></b>
Range of interest rates	<b><u>2.02%</u></b>	<b><u>1.89%</u></b>

For the collateral for bank loans, please refer to note 8.

The chairman of the Group, Mr. Tsai Kuo-Chou, and the vice chairman of the Group, Mr. Tsai Kuo-Ping, are the joint and several guarantors of the Group's bank loans, please refer to note 7.

(o) Guarantee deposits received

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Guarantee deposits for consigned operation	\$ 242,612	238,140
Others	700	700
	<b><u>\$ 243,312</u></b>	<b><u>238,840</u></b>

(p) Lease liabilities

Carrying amount of lease liabilities of the Group was as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Current	<b><u>\$ 303,606</u></b>	<b><u>304,762</u></b>
Non-current	<b><u>\$ 712,366</u></b>	<b><u>694,024</u></b>

For the maturity analysis, please refer to note 6(x).

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The amounts recognized in profit or loss was as follows:

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Interest on lease liabilities	\$ <u>14,272</u>	<u>11,853</u>
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets, including short-term leases of low-value assets	\$ <u>1,207</u>	<u>2,324</u>

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows by the Group were as follow:

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Total cash outflow for leases	\$ <u>358,362</u>	<u>343,666</u>

The Group leases buildings and construction for retail stores and business premises with lease term of 1 to 12 years typically. The Group does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the leasehold buildings at the end of the lease term. In addition, the Group is prohibited from subleasing or transferring all or any portion of the underlying assets without the lessor's consent.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group leased part of the warehouse, office and business premises from the lessor, and paid deposits of \$75,993 thousand and \$75,477 thousand, respectively.

(q) Employee benefits

(i) Defined benefit plans

Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation at present value and plan asset at fair value are as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Present value of the defined benefit obligations	\$ 17,960	17,895
Fair value of plan assets	<u>(44,146)</u>	<u>(39,869)</u>
Net defined benefit assets	<u>\$ (26,186)</u>	<u>(21,974)</u>

The Group makes defined benefit plan contributions to the pension fund account with Bank of Taiwan that provides pensions for employees upon retirement. Plans (covered by the Labor Standards Law) entitle a retired employee to receive retirement benefits based on years of service and average monthly salary for the six months prior to retirement.

1) Composition of plan assets

The Group allocates pension funds in accordance with the Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund, and such funds are managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor. With regard to the utilization of the funds, minimum earnings shall be no less than the earnings attainable from two-year time deposits with interest rates offered by local banks.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Group's Bank of Taiwan labor pension reserve account balance amounted to \$44,146 thousand as of December 31, 2024. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets, including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor.

2) Movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Defined benefit obligations at January 1	\$ 17,895	18,484
Current service costs and interest cost	223	231
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from financial assumptions	(158)	(820)
Defined benefit obligations at December 31	<u><u>\$ 17,960</u></u>	<u><u>17,895</u></u>

3) Movements of defined benefit plan asset

The movements in the fair value of the Group's defined benefit plan assets were as follows:

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Fair value of plan assets at January 1	\$ 39,869	38,803
Interest income	500	487
Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability (asset)		
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	3,537	339
Contributions paid by the employer	240	240
Fair value of plan assets at December 31	<u><u>\$ 44,146</u></u>	<u><u>39,869</u></u>

4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The expenses recognized in profit or loss for the Group were as follow:

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Net interest of net liabilities (assets) for defined benefit obligations	<u><u>\$ (276)</u></u>	<u><u>(255)</u></u>

5) Actuarial assumptions

The principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date were as follows:

	<b>2024.12.31</b>	<b>2023.12.31</b>
Discount rate	1.60 %	1.25 %
Future salary increase rate	2.00 %	2.00 %

The expected allocation payment to be made by the Group to the defined benefit plans for the one-year period after the reporting date is \$240 thousand.

(Continued)



**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The weighted average lifetime of the defined benefits plans is 6.7 years and 7.3 years for the years ended 2024 and 2023, respectively.

6) Sensitivity analysis

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, if the actuarial assumptions had changed, the impact on the present value present value of the defined benefit obligation shall be as follows.

	<b>Influences of defined benefit obligations</b>	
	<b>Increase</b>	<b>Decrease</b>
December 31, 2024		
Discount rate (change of 0.25%)	\$ (296)	303
Future salary increasing rate (change of 1.00%)	1,234	(1,144)
December 31, 2023		
Discount rate (change of 0.25%)	\$ (327)	336
Future salary increasing rate (change of 1.00%)	1,367	(1,257)

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions remain constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown above. The method used in the sensitivity analysis is consistent with the calculation of the pension liabilities in the balance sheets.

There is no change in the method and assumptions used in the preparation of sensitivity analysis for 2024 and 2023.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

The Group allocates 6% of each employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account at the Bureau of Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. Under these defined contribution plans, the Company allocates a fixed amount to the Bureau of Labor Insurance without additional legal or constructive obligation.

The pension costs incurred from the contributions to the Bureau of the Labor Insurance amounted to \$50,728 thousand and \$45,492 thousand for the years ended 2024 and 2023, respectively.

(r) Income taxes

(i) The components of income tax were as follows:

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Current tax expense	\$ 79,736	82,508
Deferred tax expense	43,548	(1,000)
Income tax expense	<b>\$ 123,284</b>	<b>81,508</b>

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Reconciliation of income tax and profit before tax is as follows.

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Profit excluding income tax	<b>\$ 617,840</b>	<b>499,407</b>
Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	\$ 123,568	99,881
Non-deductible expenses	965	188
Tax-exempt income	(11,534)	(13,281)
Realized investment losses	-	(8,000)
Change in unrecognized temporary differences	2,420	2,693
Change in provision in prior periods	(86)	27
Additional tax on undistributed earnings	7,951	-
Income tax	<b>\$ 123,284</b>	<b>81,508</b>

(ii) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

1) Unrecognized deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of the following items:

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences	\$ 1,217	1,522
The carryforward of unused tax losses	33,683	31,953
	<b>\$ 34,900</b>	<b>33,475</b>

The R.O.C. Income Tax Act allows net losses, assessed by the tax authorities, to offset taxable income over a period of ten years for local tax reporting purposes. Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilize the temporary differences.

As of December 31, 2024, the information of the Group's unused tax losses for which no deferred tax assets were recognized are as follows:

<b>Year of loss</b>	<b>Unused tax loss</b>	<b>Expiry date</b>
2015 (assessed)	\$ 7,464	2025
2016 (assessed)	7,668	2026
2017 (assessed)	10,829	2027
2018 (assessed)	18,219	2028
2019 (assessed)	16,284	2029
2020 (assessed)	22,769	2030
2021 (assessed)	29,741	2031
2022 (assessed)	23,787	2032
2023 (estimated)	18,028	2033
2024 (estimated)	13,628	2034
Total	<b>\$ 168,417</b>	

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

2) Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

Changes in the amount of deferred tax assets liabilities were as follows:

**Deferred tax assets:**

	Unrealized loss on inventories	Payables for annual leave	Unrealized exchange losses	Others	Total
<b>Balance at January 1, 2024</b>	\$ 2,784	4,082	193	3,758	10,817
Recognized in profit or loss	273	256	(69)	490	950
<b>Balance at December 31, 2024</b>	<u>\$ 3,057</u>	<u>4,338</u>	<u>124</u>	<u>4,248</u>	<u>11,767</u>
<b>Balance at January 1, 2023</b>	\$ 2,669	3,732	369	3,294	10,064
Recognized in profit or loss	115	350	(176)	464	753
<b>Balance at December 31, 2023</b>	<u>\$ 2,784</u>	<u>4,082</u>	<u>193</u>	<u>3,758</u>	<u>10,817</u>

**Deferred tax liabilities**

	Associates	Defined benefit plan	Unappropriated earnings of subsidiaries	Total
<b>Balance at January 1, 2024</b>	\$ 15,383	6,525	287,974	309,882
Recognized in profit or loss	-	102	44,396	44,498
Recognized in other comprehensive income	-	739	5,368	6,107
<b>Balance at December 31, 2024</b>	<u>\$ 15,383</u>	<u>7,366</u>	<u>337,738</u>	<u>360,487</u>
<b>Balance at January 1, 2023</b>	\$ 15,383	6,194	295,123	316,700
Recognized in profit or loss	-	99	(346)	(247)
Recognized in other comprehensive income	-	232	(6,803)	(6,571)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2023</b>	<u>\$ 15,383</u>	<u>6,525</u>	<u>287,974</u>	<u>309,882</u>

(iii) Uncertainty over income tax treatments

For all income tax declarations that have not been assessed, the Group evaluates relevant factors including relevant regulations and historical experiences; consequently, the Group considers the estimate of income tax liabilities to be adequate.

(iv) Assessment of tax

The Company's tax returns for the years through 2022 were assessed by the tax authority.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(s) Capital and other equity

(i) Ordinary shares

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company authorized share capital amounted to \$850,000 thousand with a par value of \$10 per share; the number of issued shares were 60,060 thousand, amounting to \$600,599 thousand.

(ii) Capital surplus

The balances of capital surplus of the Company were as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Treasury share transactions	\$ 502	502
Changes in ownership interests in associates under equity method	474,310	474,004
Other	182	182
	<b><u>\$ 474,994</u></b>	<b><u>474,688</u></b>

According to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus can only be used to offset a deficit, and only the realized capital surplus can be used to increase the common stock or be distributed as cash dividends. The aforementioned realized capital surplus includes capital surplus resulting from premium on issuance of capital stock and earnings from donated assets received. According to the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, capital increases by transferring capital surplus in excess of par value should not exceed 10% of the total common stock outstanding.

(iii) Retained earnings

The Company's article of incorporation stipulate that Company's net earnings should first be used to offset the prior years' deficits, if any, before paying any income taxes. Of the remaining balance, 10% is to be appropriated as legal reserve, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be distributed according to the distribution plan proposed by the Board of Directors and submitted to the stockholders' meeting for approval.

The Company's dividend policy is designed to meet the current and future development plans, and to take into consideration the investment environment, funding requirements, and foreign and domestic competition while simultaneously meeting the interests of shareholders. The Company shall distribute dividends at no less than 20% of available earnings to shareholders each year, provided that if the accumulated available earnings are less than 70% of the paid-in capital, no dividends shall be distributed. The dividends could be distributed either through cash or shares, and cash dividends shall not be less than 10% of the total dividends.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

1) Legal reserve

When a company incurs no loss, it may, pursuant to a resolution by a shareholders' meeting, distribute its legal reserve by issuing new shares or by distributing cash, and only the portion of legal reserve which exceeds 25% of capital may be distributed.

2) Special reserve

In accordance with the rules issued by the FSC, a portion of current-period earnings and undistributed prior-period earnings shall be reclassified as special reserve during earnings appropriation. The amount to be reclassified shall be equal to the total net reduction of current-period of other shareholders' equity. Similarly, a portion of undistributed prior-period earnings shall be reclassified as special reserve (and does not qualify for earnings distribution) to account for cumulative changes to other shareholders' equity pertaining to prior periods.

3) Earnings distribution

On March 6, 2025, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to appropriate the 2024 earnings. The earnings were appropriated as follows:

	<b>2024</b>	
	<b>Amount per share</b>	<b>Amount</b>
Dividends distributed to ordinary shareholders		
Cash	\$ 7.50	<u><u>\$ 450,449</u></u>

Earnings distribution for 2023 and 2022 was decided by the resolution adopted, at the general meeting of shareholders held on May 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively. The relevant dividend distributions to shareholders were as follows:

	<b>2023</b>		<b>2022</b>	
	<b>Amount per share</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Amount per share</b>	<b>Amount</b>
Dividends distributed to ordinary shareholders:				
Cash	\$ 6.00	<u><u>\$ 360,359</u></u>	\$ 4.30	<u><u>\$ 258,258</u></u>

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(t) Earnings per share

The details on the calculation of basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share were as follows:

(i) Basic earnings per share

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	<u>494,812</u>	<u>417,942</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (in thousand)	<u>60,060</u>	<u>60,060</u>
Basic earnings per share (dollar)	<u>8.24</u>	<u>6.96</u>

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	<u>494,812</u>	<u>417,942</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (in thousand)	60,060	60,060
Compensation of employees	169	177
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) (in thousand)	<u>60,229</u>	<u>60,237</u>
Diluted earnings per share (dollar)	<u>8.22</u>	<u>6.94</u>

(u) Revenue from contracts with customers

(i) Disaggregation of revenue

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Primary geographical markets:		
Taiwan	<u>\$ 3,972,067</u>	<u>3,863,856</u>
Major products/services lines:		
Sales of optical glasses	\$ 3,957,524	3,863,856
Service and labor income	14,543	-
	<u>\$ 3,972,067</u>	<u>3,863,856</u>

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ii) Contract balances

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>	<b>January 1, 2023</b>
Accounts receivable	\$ 31,437	44,515	29,642
Less: allowance for impairment	108	108	108
Total	<u>\$ 31,329</u>	<u>44,407</u>	<u>29,534</u>

Please refer to note 6(e) for the disclosure of notes receivable and accounts receivable and their impairment.

(v) Employee compensation and directors' remuneration

In accordance with the articles of incorporation the Company should contribute no less than 1% of the profit as employee compensation and less than 3% as directors' remuneration when there is profit for the year. However, if the Company has accumulated deficits, the profit should be reserved to offset the deficit. The recipients of shares and cash may include the employees of the Company's affiliated companies who meet certain conditions.

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company estimated its employee remuneration amounting to \$15,722 thousand and \$14,352 thousand, and directors' remuneration amounting to \$6,289 thousand and \$5,741 thousand, respectively. The estimated amounts mentioned above are calculated based on the net profit before tax, excluding the remuneration to employees and directors of each period, multiplied by the percentage of remuneration to employees, directors and supervisors as specified in the Company's articles. These remunerations were expensed under operating expenses during 2024 and 2023. Related information would be available at the Market Observation Post System website. The amounts, as stated in the consolidated financial statements, are identical to those of the actual distributions for 2024 and 2023.

(w) Non-operating income and expenses

(i) Interest income

The details of interest income were as follows:

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Interest income from bank deposits	\$ 1,568	794
Interest income from financial assets measured at amortized cost	60,404	58,586
Discounted interest on bills	12,231	10,909
Interest income from mutual fund	49,980	33,946
Others	391	80
	<u>\$ 124,574</u>	<u>104,315</u>

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ii) Other income

The details of other income were as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Rental income	\$ 21,035	20,733
Dividend income	58,409	55,624
Others	<u>22,470</u>	<u>18,840</u>
	<u><u>\$ 101,914</u></u>	<u><u>95,197</u></u>

(iii) Other gains and losses

The details of other gains and losses were as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Loss on disposals of property, plant and equipment	\$ (4,140)	(706)
Gain on sublease of right-of-use assets	1,658	887
Gain on lease modification	1,480	590
Foreign exchange gain	346	879
(Loss) gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(10,832)	18,657
Others	<u>(12)</u>	<u>(1,033)</u>
	<u><u>\$ (11,500)</u></u>	<u><u>19,274</u></u>

(iv) Finance costs

The details of finance costs were as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Interest on loans	\$ 29,616	23,709
Interest on leases liabilities	14,272	11,853
Other finance costs	<u>1,200</u>	<u>1,042</u>
	<u><u>\$ 45,088</u></u>	<u><u>36,604</u></u>

(x) Financial instruments

(i) Credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum amount exposed to credit risk. The Group has a wide range of customers that are not related to each other, hence the concentration of credit risk is limited.

(Continued)



**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ii) Liquidity risk

The following table shows the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Contractual cash flows</u>	<u>Within 1 year</u>	<u>1-5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>
<b>December 31, 2024</b>					
Short-term borrowings	\$ 1,400,030	1,406,492	1,406,492	-	-
Notes payable (including related parties)	454,800	454,800	454,800	-	-
Accounts payable (including related parties)	135,025	135,025	135,025	-	-
Other payables (including related parties)	430,514	430,514	430,514	-	-
Lease liabilities	1,015,972	1,046,270	315,367	650,178	80,725
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	<u>337,801</u>	<u>376,902</u>	<u>34,264</u>	<u>137,055</u>	<u>205,583</u>
	<b><u>\$ 3,774,142</u></b>	<b><u>3,850,003</u></b>	<b><u>2,776,462</u></b>	<b><u>787,233</u></b>	<b><u>286,308</u></b>
<b>December 31, 2023</b>					
Short-term borrowings	\$ 1,109,500	1,115,665	1,115,665	-	-
Notes payable (including related parties)	445,143	445,143	445,143	-	-
Accounts payable (including related parties)	136,362	136,362	136,362	-	-
Other payables (including related parties)	412,111	412,111	412,111	-	-
Lease liabilities	998,786	1,031,160	316,260	603,024	111,876
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	<u>365,015</u>	<u>408,257</u>	<u>34,021</u>	<u>136,086</u>	<u>238,150</u>
	<b><u>\$ 3,466,917</u></b>	<b><u>3,548,698</u></b>	<b><u>2,459,562</u></b>	<b><u>739,110</u></b>	<b><u>350,026</u></b>

The Group does not expect the cash flows included in the maturity analysis to occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amounts.

(iii) Currency risk

1) Exposure to foreign currency risk

The Group's significant exposure to foreign currency risk were as follows:

Financial assets	December 31, 2024				December 31, 2023		
	Foreign	Exchange	TWD	Foreign	Exchange	TWD	
	currency	rate		currency	rate		
<u>Monetary items</u>							
USD	\$	170	32.79	5,573	163	30.71	5,005
<u>Non-Monetary items</u>							
USD		9,794	32.79	321,084	9,971	30.71	306,159

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

2) Sensitivity analysis

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalent that are denominated in foreign currency. Assuming other variables remain the same, a strengthening (weakening) of 5% of the NTD against the USD as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased (decreased) the profit before income tax by \$279 thousand and \$250 thousand, respectively. The analysis is performed on the same basis for both periods.

3) Foreign exchange gain and loss on monetary items

The amounts of (realized and unrealized) foreign exchange gains (losses) on the Group's monetary items converted into functional currencies as well as the exchange rate information about conversion into the parent's functional currencies, NTD (the Group's presentation currency), were as follows:

	<b>2024</b>		<b>2023</b>	
	<b>Foreign exchange gain and loss</b>	<b>Average exchange rate</b>	<b>Foreign exchange gain and loss</b>	<b>Average exchange rate</b>
USD	346	32.11	879	31.15

(iv) Other market price risks

If the equity price changes, the impact of equity price change to other comprehensive income will be as follows, assuming the analysis is based on the same basis for both years and assuming that all other variables considered in the analysis remain the same:

	<b>2024</b>		<b>2023</b>	
	<b>Other comprehensive income before tax</b>	<b>Profit before income tax</b>	<b>Other comprehensive income before tax</b>	<b>Profit before income tax</b>
<b>Prices of securities at the reporting date</b>				
Increasing 1%	<u>\$ 18,529</u>	<u>9,343</u>	<u>13,030</u>	<u>9,694</u>
Decreasing 1%	<u>\$ (18,529)</u>	<u>(9,343)</u>	<u>(13,030)</u>	<u>(9,694)</u>

(v) Fair value of financial instruments

1) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is measured on a recurring basis. The carrying amount and fair value of the Group's financial assets and liabilities, including the information on fair value hierarchy were as follows; however, except as described in the following paragraphs, for financial instruments not measured at fair value whose carrying amount is reasonably close to the fair value, and lease liabilities, disclosure of fair value information is not required:

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>				
	<b>Carrying amount</b>	<b>Fair value</b>			<b>Total</b>
		<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 934,307	-	934,307	-	934,307
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,852,937	1,686,372	-	166,565	1,852,937
Financial assets measured at amortized cost					
Corporate bonds	149,479	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	1,157,337	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable	31,329	-	-	-	-
Other receivables (including related parties)	88,634	-	-	-	-
Lease receivables	20,239	-	-	-	-
Refundable deposits	75,993	-	-	-	-
Subtotal	1,523,011	-	-	-	-
Total	<b>\$ 4,310,255</b>	<b>1,686,372</b>	<b>934,307</b>	<b>166,565</b>	<b>2,787,244</b>
Short-term borrowings	\$ 1,400,030	-	-	-	-
Notes payable (including related parties)	454,800	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable (including related parties)	135,025	-	-	-	-
Other payables (including related parties)	430,514	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	1,015,972	-	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	337,801	-	-	-	-
Total	<b>\$ 3,774,142</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

	<b>December 31, 2023</b>				
	<b>Carrying amount</b>	<b>Fair value</b>			
		<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>Total</b>
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 969,375	-	969,375	-	969,375
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,302,993	1,229,750	-	73,243	1,302,993
Financial assets measured at amortized cost					
Cash and cash equivalents (excluding petty cash and revolving funds)	115,048	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable	44,407	-	-	-	-
Other receivable	79,003	-	-	-	-
Lease receivables	22,519	-	-	-	-
Refundable deposits	75,477	-	-	-	-
Subtotal	336,454	-	-	-	-
Total	<b>\$ 2,608,822</b>	<b>1,229,750</b>	<b>969,375</b>	<b>73,243</b>	<b>2,272,368</b>
Short-term borrowings	\$ 1,109,500	-	-	-	-
Notes payable (including related parties)	445,143	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable (including related parties)	136,362	-	-	-	-
Other payables	412,111	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	998,786	-	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	365,015	-	-	-	-
Total	<b>\$ 3,466,917</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

2) Valuation techniques for financial instruments measured at fair value

a) Non-derivative financial instruments

Fair values of financial instruments were measured based on quoted market prices if these prices were available in active markets. The quoted price of a financial instrument obtained from main exchanges and on-the-run bonds from Taipei Exchange can be used as the basis to determine the fair value of the listed companies' equity instrument and debt instrument with active market quotations.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

A financial instrument is regarded as being quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's-length basis. Whether transactions are taking place 'regularly' is a matter of judgment and depends on the facts and circumstances of the market for the instrument. Quoted market prices may not be indicative of the fair value of an instrument if the activity in the market is infrequent, the market is not well-established, only small volumes are traded, or bid-ask spreads are very wide. Determining whether a market is active involves judgment.

The categories and nature of the fair value of the Group's financial instruments which have an active market are presented as follows:

- Shares in public companies are financial assets with standard terms and conditions and are traded in active markets, and their fair values are determined with reference to quoted market prices.

Measurements of fair value of financial instruments without an active market are based on a valuation technique or quoted price from a competitor. Fair value measured by a valuation technique can be extrapolated from similar financial instruments, the discounted cash flow method, or other valuation technique including a model using observable market data at the reporting date.

The categories and nature of the fair value for the Group's financial instruments which do not have an active market are presented as follows:

- Unquoted equity instruments: The measurement was based on the investee's net value and the price multiples derived from the market price of comparable listed companies. The estimates have adjusted the discount of lack of market liquidity on equity securities.
- b) Derivative financial instruments

Measurement of the fair value of derivative instruments is based on the valuation techniques generally accepted by market participants such as the discounted cash flow or option pricing models. Fair value of forward currency is usually determined by the forward currency exchange rate.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

3) Reconciliation of level 3 fair values

	Fair value through other comprehensive income
	Unquoted equity instruments
Opening balance, January 1, 2024	\$ 73,243
Total gains and losses recognized	
In other comprehensive income	48,352
Purchased	44,970
Ending balance, December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 166,565</u>
Opening balance, January 1, 2023	\$ 38,162
Total gains and losses recognized	
In other comprehensive income	(9,469)
Purchased	44,550
Ending balance, December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 73,243</u>

4) Quantified information on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) used in fair value measurement

The Group's financial instruments that use Level 3 inputs to measure fair value include "fair value through other comprehensive income – equity investments".

Quantified information of significant unobservable inputs was as follows:

Item	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Interrelationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value
Financial assets at FVTOCI–equity investments without an active market	The guideline public company method	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Price to book ratio (2024.12.31:0.86~6.30 and 2023.12.31:2.35~4.52)</li> <li>Market liquidity discount rate (2024.12.31 and 2023.12.31:75%~85%)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The estimated fair value would increase if P/B ratio was higher</li> <li>The estimated fair value would decrease if liquidity discount was higher</li> </ul>

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- 5) Fair value measurements in Level 3 – sensitivity analysis of reasonably possible alternative assumptions

The Group's measurement on the fair value of financial instruments is deemed reasonable despite the fact that different valuation models or parameters may lead to different results. For fair value measurements in Level 3, changing one or more of the assumptions would have the following effects on profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the period:

		Upward or downward movement	Profit or loss		Other comprehensive income	
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable
December 31, 2024						
Financial assets fair value through other comprehensive income						
Equity investment without an active market	P/B ratio	5%	-	-	8,328	(8,328)
	Market liquidity discount	5%	-	-	10,379	(10,379)
December 31, 2023						
Financial assets fair value through other comprehensive income						
Equity investment without an active market	P/B ratio	5%	-	-	3,662	(3,662)
	Market liquidity discount	5%	-	-	4,749	(4,749)

The favorable and unfavorable effects represent the changes in fair value, and fair value is based on a variety of unobservable inputs calculated using a valuation technique. The analysis above only reflects the effects of changes in a single input, and it does not include the interrelationships with another input.

(y) Financial risk management

(i) Overview

The Group have exposures to the following risks from its financial instruments:

- 1) credit risk
- 2) liquidity risk
- 3) market risk

The following likewise discusses the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing the above mentioned risks. For more disclosures about the quantitative effects of these risks exposures, please refer to the respective notes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ii) Structure of risk management

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. Chairman of the Board and the president are responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies, and reporting regularly to the Board of Directors on its operations.

The objective of the Group's financial risk management is to manage the above-mentioned risks associated with operating activities and the use of financial instruments. To mitigate relevant financial risks, the Group's important financial activities are reported to and approved by the Board of Directors in accordance with the internal control system; during the implementation period of the financial plan, financial activities must be in compliance with operating procedures for segregation of duties and scope of authority. The Group's Audit Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group. The Group Audit Committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal auditors. Internal auditors undertake both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Audit Committee.

(iii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's investment in securities.

The exposure to credit risk for bank deposits, fixed-income investments and other financial instruments are measured and monitored by the Group's finance department. The Group only deals with financial institutions with good credit rating. The Group does not expect any counterparty above fails to meet its obligations hence there is no significant credit risk arising from these counterparties.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it always has sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's unused credit line were amounted to \$846,649 thousand and \$1,000,155 thousand, respectively.

(v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates, will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

(Continued)



**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

1) Currency risk

The Group's operating activities denominated in foreign currencies expose it to currency risks.

2) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises mainly from the short-term and long-term bank borrowings with floating interest rates. Future cash flow will be affected by a change in effective interest rate.

3) Other market price risk

The financial instruments held by the Group are mainly mutual funds and equity securities; all significant equity instrument investments are subject to approval by the Group's Board of Directors.

(z) Capital management

The Group's objectives, policies and procedures for capital management are consistent with those disclosed in 2023 Consolidated Financial Statements, and there are no significant changes in the aggregated quantitative information of the items used for capital management from those disclosed in 2023 consolidated financial statements. For related information, please refer to the consolidated financial statements for 2023.

The Group's debt-to-equity ratio at the end of the reporting periods is as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Total liabilities	\$ 4,521,009	4,174,225
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	164,020	134,810
Less: Financial assets at amortized cost	<u>1,157,337</u>	<u>1,089,477</u>
Net debt	<u><b>\$ 3,199,652</b></u>	<u><b>2,949,938</b></u>
Total equity	<u><b>\$ 3,478,606</b></u>	<u><b>2,963,643</b></u>
Debt-to-equity ratio	<u><b>92 %</b></u>	<u><b>100 %</b></u>

(aa) Investing and financing activities not affecting current cash flow

The Group's investing and financing activities which did not affect the current cash flow in the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, were as follows:

(i) For right-of-use assets under leases, please refer to note 6(j).

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ii) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities were as follows:

	January 1, 2024	Cash flows	Non-cash change Changes in lease payments	December 31, 2024
Short-term borrowings	\$ 1,109,500	290,530	-	1,400,030
Lease liabilities	998,786	(342,883)	360,069	1,015,972
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	365,015	(27,214)	-	337,801
Total liabilities from financing activities	<u>\$ 2,473,301</u>	<u>(79,567)</u>	<u>360,069</u>	<u>2,753,803</u>

  

	January 1, 2023	Cash flows	Non-cash change Changes in lease payments	December 31, 2023
Short-term borrowings	\$ 1,029,310	80,190	-	1,109,500
Lease liabilities	794,821	(329,489)	533,454	998,786
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	409,003	(43,988)	-	365,015
Total liabilities from financing activities	<u>\$ 2,233,134</u>	<u>(293,287)</u>	<u>533,454</u>	<u>2,473,301</u>

**(7) Related-party transactions**

(a) Names and relationship with the Group

The followings are entities that have had transactions with related party during the periods covered in the consolidated financial statements.

Name of related party	Relationship with the Group
Yung Sheng Optical Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Pao Lien Optical Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Horien Biochemical Technology Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Horien International Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Taichung Ginko Culture & Education Foundation	Other related party
Tsai Kuo-Chou	Chairman of the Group
Tsai Kuo-Ping	Vice Chairman of the Group

(b) Significant transactions with related parties

(i) Purchases

The amounts of purchases by the Group from related parties were as follows:

	2024	2023
Other related party- Pao Lien Optical Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ 1,074,563</u>	<u>1,007,281</u>

The types of goods purchased by the Group from the above companies are different from those of other suppliers; therefore, the purchase prices and payment terms are not comparable.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ii) Payables to related parties

The details of the Group's payables to related parties were as follows:

<u>Account</u>	<u>Relationship/Name</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>
Notes payable	Other related party- Pao Lien Optical Co., Ltd.	\$ 427,145	423,613
Accounts Payable	Other related party- Pao Lien Optical Co., Ltd.	2,724	1,583
Other payables	Other related party- Pao Lien Optical Co., Ltd.	2,431	2,897
		<u><u>\$ 432,300</u></u>	<u><u>428,093</u></u>

(iii) Receivables from related parties

The details of the Group's receivables from related parties were as follows:

<u>Account</u>	<u>Relationship/Name</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>
Other receivables	Other related party- Pao Lien Optical Co., Ltd.	<u><u>\$ 46,660</u></u>	<u><u>37,891</u></u>

The other receivables to related parties mainly comprise advertising expenses and office expenses.

(iv) Other transaction with related parties

1) Rental income

<u>Relationship/Name</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Other related party- Yung Sheng Optical Co., Ltd.	\$ 5,143	5,143
Other related party- Pao Lien Optical Co., Ltd.	14,489	14,454
	<u><u>\$ 19,632</u></u>	<u><u>19,597</u></u>

Rental income is negotiated by both parties and collected on a monthly basis.

The Group leases offices, branches and warehouses to Pao Lien Optical Co., Ltd. The average monthly rent is \$1,200 thousand and charge by demand check monthly.

The Company leases buildings to Yung Sheng Optical Co., Ltd. the average monthly rent was \$429 thousand and charge by demand check monthly.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

2) Other income

<u>Relationship/Name</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Other related party – Pao Lien Optical Co., Ltd.	\$ <u>1,259</u>	<u>1,132</u>

3) Other expenditures

<u>Relationship/Name</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Other related party – Pao Lien Optical Co., Ltd.	\$ 16,366	13,415
Other related party – Horien International Co., Ltd.	1,710	1,628
Other related party – Ginko Culture & Education Foundation	<u>2,000</u>	<u>2,000</u>
	<u>\$ 20,076</u>	<u>17,043</u>

4) Equity transaction

In 2023, the Group acquired 2,700,000 shares of related party-Horien International Co., Ltd. amounted to \$27,000 thousand. The cumulative percentage of ownership was 7.11%.

In 2024, the Group acquired 49,000 shares of related party-Horien Biochemical Technology Co., Ltd. amounted to \$1,470 thousand. The cumulative percentage of ownership was 5.41%.

5) Other

The Group entered into a service mark license agreement from July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2029 with Pao Lien Optical Co., Ltd., during the contract period, the Group is entitled to use the “FORMOSA” service mark of Pao Lien Optical Co., Ltd. without any compensation.

The Chairman, Mr. Tsai Kuo-Chou, and the Vice Chairman, Mr. Tsai Kuo-Ping, are the joint and several guarantors of the Group's bank loans, please refer to note 6(l) and (n).

(c) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 26,514	24,318
Post-employment benefits	<u>522</u>	<u>506</u>
	<u>\$ 27,036</u>	<u>24,824</u>

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

**(8) Pledged assets:**

The carrying values of pledged assets were as follows:

<b>Pledged assets</b>	<b>Object</b>	<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Financial assets at FVTOCI	Bank loans	\$ 39,274	31,830
Property, plant and equipment	Bank loans	579,796	588,925
Investment properties	Bank loans	78,273	78,638
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	Bank loans	1,144,058	1,074,599
		<u><b>\$ 1,841,401</b></u>	<u><b>1,773,992</b></u>

**(9) Commitments and contingencies: None**

**(10) Losses due to major disasters: None**

**(11) Subsequent events: None**

**(12) Other:**

A summary of employee benefits, depreciation, and amortization, by function, is as follows:

<b>By item</b>	<b>By function</b>	<b>2024</b>			<b>2023</b>		
		<b>Cost of sale</b>	<b>Operating expense</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Cost of sale</b>	<b>Operating expense</b>	<b>Total</b>
Employee benefits							
Salary		8,906	1,118,219	1,127,125	-	1,065,257	1,065,257
Labor and health insurance		1,196	103,990	105,186	-	95,903	95,903
Pension		542	49,910	50,452	-	45,237	45,237
Others		579	45,551	46,130	-	38,779	38,779
Depreciation		6,076	502,715	508,791	-	490,169	490,169
Amortization		-	6,973	6,973	-	8,482	8,482

(Continued)

## FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### (13) Other disclosures:

##### (a) Information on significant transactions:

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” for the Group:

##### (i) Loans to other parties: None

##### (ii) Guarantees and endorsements for other parties:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No.	Name of guarantor	Counter-party of guarantee and endorsement		Limitation on amount of guarantees and endorsements for a specific enterprise	Highest balance for guarantees and endorsements during the period	Balance of guarantees and endorsements as of reporting date	Actual usage amount during the period	Property pledged for guarantees and endorsements (Amount)	Ratio of accumulated amounts of guarantees and endorsements to net worth of the latest financial statements	Maximum amount for guarantees and endorsements	Parent company endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of subsidiary	Subsidiary endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of parent company	Endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of companies in Mainland China
		Name	Relationship with the Company										
1	New Path International Co., Ltd.	Formosa Optical Technology Corporation	3	2,358,529	940,000	940,000	788,000	940,000	28.38 %	2,358,529	N	Y	N

Note 1: The number represents the following:

1. The parent company is coded "0"
2. Subsidiaries are coded consecutively beginning from "1"

##### (iii) Securities held as of December 31, 2024 (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures):

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of holder	Category and name of security	Relationship with company	Account title	Ending balance				Highest Percentage of ownership (%)	Note
				Shares/Units (thousands)	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value		
The Company	Shin Kong Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Shares B	None	Financial assets at FVTOCI - current	1,111	39,274	0.50 %	39,274	0.50 %	
The Company	Largan Precision Co., Ltd.	"	"	15	40,125	- %	40,125	- %	
The Company	Yuanta Taiwan Dividend Plus ETF	"	"	3,000	110,040	- %	110,040	- %	
The Company	Cathay MSCI Taiwan ESG Sustain Hi Div Yield ETF	"	"	5,000	110,900	- %	110,900	- %	
The Company	Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	"	"	140	150,500	- %	150,500	- %	
The Company	Acter Group Co., Ltd.	"	"	50	18,575	- %	18,575	- %	
The Company	Phison Electronics Corp.	"	"	200	106,800	- %	106,800	- %	
The Company	Hong Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.	"	"	400	73,600	- %	73,600	- %	
The Company	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	"	"	330	159,060	- %	159,060	- %	
The Company	Chailase Holding Co., Ltd.	"	"	647	73,109	- %	73,109	- %	
The Company	Ruentex Industries Co., Ltd.	"	"	680	49,232	- %	49,232	- %	
The Company	Yuanta US 20+ Year AAA-A Corporate Bond ETF	"	"	52	14,560	- %	14,560	- %	
The Company	Yuanta Taiwan High Dividend Low Volatility ETF	"	"	1,300	69,095	- %	69,095	- %	
The Company	Mediatek Inc.	"	"	90	127,350	- %	127,350	- %	
The Company	Yuanta US 20+ Year AAA-A Corporate Bond ETF	"	"	2,000	67,620	- %	67,620	- %	
The Company	CTBC Banking Senior 10+ Year Bond ETF	"	"	2,100	77,910	- %	77,910	- %	
The Company	Advantec Enterprise Co., Ltd.	"	"	300	22,830	- %	22,830	- %	

(Continued)

# FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of holder	Category and name of security	Relationship with company	Account title	Ending balance				Highest Percentage of ownership (%)	Note
				Shares/Units (thousands)	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value		
The Company	CAPITAL ICE ESG 20+ YearBBB Corporate ETF	None	Financial assets at FVTOCI - current	5,500	86,845	- %	86,845	- %	
The Company	Sunder Biomedical Tech.Co.,Ltd.	Related Party	"	7,080	73,566	11.80 %	73,566	11.80 %	
The Company	Everest Technology Inc.	None	"	1,305	-	1.92 %	-	1.92 %	
The Company	NADA HOLDINGS CORP.	"	"	750	71,377	- %	71,377	- %	
The Company	Toplus Globol Co., Ltd.	"	"	384	9,404	- %	9,404	- %	
The Company	Toplus Globol Co., Ltd. (Private Equity)	"	Financial assets at FVTOCI - non-current	1,500	18,014	- %	18,014	- %	
The Company	Horien Biochemical Technology Co., Ltd.	Related Party	"	2,162	56,058	5.41 %	56,058	5.79 %	
The Company	Horien International Co., Ltd.	"	"	2,700	8,859	7.11 %	8,859	7.11 %	
Bao Wei Optical Co., Ltd.	Union Bank of Taiwan Preferred Stock A	None	Financial assets at FVTOCI - current	600	32,100	- %	32,100	- %	
Bao Wei Optical Co., Ltd.	Sunmax Biotechnology Co.,Ltd.	"	"	567	158,760	1.04 %	158,760	1.04 %	
Bao Wei Optical Co., Ltd.	Toplus Globol Co., Ltd.	"	"	617	15,118	- %	15,118	- %	
Bao Wei Optical Co., Ltd.	Sheng Fung Capital Co.,Ltd.	"	Financial assets at FVTOCI - non-current	1,500	12,257	- %	12,257	- %	
Bao Wei Optical Co., Ltd.	Fuh Hwa Ruihwa Fund	"	Financial assets at FVTPL - current	1,727	21,065	- %	21,065	- %	
New Path	JPM USD LIQUIDITY LVNAVW (DIST.) FUND	"	"	296	9,704	- %	9,704	- %	
New Path	PIMCO INCOME FUND USDINC INV	"	"	263	80,638	- %	80,638	- %	
New Path	JPMORGAN FUNDS	"	"	17	47,893	- %	47,893	- %	
New Path	LORD ABBETT-IE00BFNWY382 FUND	"	"	103	32,717	- %	32,717	- %	
New Path	APPLE INC BOND	"	"	1,000	27,330	- %	27,330	- %	
New Path	APPLE INC BOND	"	"	1,500	28,793	- %	28,793	- %	
New Path	BARCLAYS PLC BOND	"	"	1,500	47,894	- %	47,894	- %	
New Path	BARCLAYS PLC BOND	"	"	500	17,401	- %	17,401	- %	
New Path	BNP PARIBAS BOND	"	"	500	16,861	- %	16,861	- %	
New Path	Citigroup Inc. Bond	"	"	700	23,399	- %	23,399	- %	
New Path	CLOVERIE PLC ZURICH INSFRN BOND	"	"	500	16,414	- %	16,414	- %	
New Path	Alphabet Inc. Bond	"	"	1,500	26,703	- %	26,703	- %	
New Path	The Home Depot Inc. Bond	"	"	500	13,543	- %	13,543	- %	
New Path	The Home Depot Inc. Bond	"	"	500	17,255	- %	17,255	- %	
New Path	HP Inc. Bond	"	"	1,000	32,739	- %	32,739	- %	
New Path	HSBC HOLDINGS PLC FRN BOBD	"	"	1,600	52,666	- %	52,666	- %	
New Path	HSBC HOLDINGS PLC FRN BOBD	"	"	500	16,907	- %	16,907	- %	
New Path	HSBC HOLDINGS PLC FRN BOBD	"	"	400	14,255	- %	14,255	- %	
New Path	HSBC HOLDINGS PLC FRN BOBD	"	"	500	17,194	- %	17,194	- %	
New Path	JPMORGAN CHASE&CO FRN BOND	"	"	1,000	32,782	- %	32,782	- %	
New Path	JPMORGAN CHASE&CO FRN BOND	"	"	2,000	66,986	- %	66,986	- %	
New Path	The Coca-Cola Co. Bond	"	"	1,000	19,160	- %	19,160	- %	

(Continued)

## FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of holder	Category and name of security	Relationship with company	Account title	Ending balance				Highest Percentage of ownership (%)	Note
				Shares/Units (thousands)	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value		
New Path	Macquarie Bank Ltd. Bond	None	Financial assets at FVTPL - current	1,000	32,051	- %	32,051	- %	
New Path	Macquarie Bank Ltd. Bond	"	"	1,000	34,795	- %	34,795	- %	
New Path	Morgan Stanley Bond	"	"	1,200	39,448	- %	39,448	- %	
New Path	Microsoft Corp. Bond	"	"	1,000	19,278	- %	19,278	- %	
New Path	Microsoft Corp. Bond	"	"	500	10,498	- %	10,498	- %	
New Path	Nippon Life Insurance Co. Bond	"	"	500	16,530	- %	16,530	- %	
New Path	Nippon Life Insurance Co. Bond	"	"	400	13,059	- %	13,059	- %	
New Path	Standard Chartered PLC Bond	"	"	1,000	34,031	- %	34,031	- %	
New Path	Tencent Holdings Ltd. Bond	"	"	200	5,726	- %	5,726	- %	
New Path	Exxon Mobil Corp. Bond	"	"	500	12,399	- %	12,399	- %	
New Path	HORIEN BIOCHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Related Party	"	2,954	-	11.36 %	-	11.36 %	
Bao Xiang Optical Corporation Ltd	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	None	"	356	5,034	- %	5,034	- %	
Bao Xiang Optical Corporation Ltd	Franklin U.S. Government Money Fund	"	"	747	8,055	- %	8,055	- %	
Milanno Optical Co., Ltd.	Fuh Hwa OMNI Fund	"	"	503	10,491	- %	10,491	- %	
Milanno Optical Co., Ltd.	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	"	"	285	4,031	- %	4,031	- %	
Milanno Optical Co., Ltd.	SinoPac TWD Money Market Fund	"	"	105	1,521	- %	1,521	- %	
Milanno Optical Co., Ltd.	Franklin U.S. Government Money Fund	"	"	655	7,060	- %	7,060	- %	

- (iv) Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (v) Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (vi) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (vii) Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Transaction details				Transactions with terms different from others		Notes/Accounts receivable (payable)		Note
			Purchase/Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/sales	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms	Ending balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
The Company	Pao Lien Optical Co., Ltd.	Associate	Purchase	739,132	45.79%	120 days	-	120 days	(303,293)	(51.42)%	
Bao Wei Optical Co., Ltd.	Pao Lien Optical Co., Ltd.	Associate	Purchase	272,082	16.86%	120 days	-	120 days	(111,180)	(18.85)%	

- (viii) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (ix) Trading in derivative instruments: None

(Continued)



FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(x) Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No.	Name of company	Name of counter-party	Nature of relationship (note 1)	Intercompany transactions			
				Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets
0	The Company	Bao Wei Optical Co., Ltd.	1	Other income	6,636	-	-%
0	The Company	Bao Wei Optical Co., Ltd.	1	Other receivables	582	-	-%
0	The Company	Bao Wei Optical Co., Ltd.	1	Other payables	845	-	-%
0	The Company	Bao Wei Optical Co., Ltd.	1	Rental income	60	-	-%
0	The Company	Bao Xiang Optical Co., Ltd.	1	Rental income	60	-	-%
0	The Company	Bao An Shi Technology Co., Ltd.	1	Rental income	60	-	-%

Note 1: The number represents the followings:

- 1. Parent to subsidiary
- 2. Subsidiary to parent
- 3. Subsidiary to subsidiary

Note 2: The above transactions had been eliminated upon consolidation.

(b) Information on investees:

The following is the information on investees for the years ended December 31, 2024 (excluding information on investees in Mainland China):

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products	Original investment amount		Balance as of December 31, 2024			Highest Percentage of ownership	Net income (losses) of investee	Share of profits/losses of investee	Note
				December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Shares (thousands)	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value				
Formosa Optical Technology Corporation	Polylite Taiwan Corporation Limited	Taiwan	Manufacturing, processing, importing, exporting and selling all kinds of glasses, frames, optical equipment, eye contact and eye solution	37,798	37,798	6,266	13.44 %	98,030	- %	(29,299)	(3,169)	
Formosa Optical Technology Corporation	New Path International Co., Ltd.	Mauritius	Investment activities	123,682	123,682	-	100.00 %	2,371,787	- %	201,287	201,287	Note 1
Formosa Optical Technology Corporation	Milanno Optical Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sell optical glasses, frames and eye care solution, office machinery and equipment, and retail sale of telecom instruments	90,212	90,212	5,000	100.00 %	32,921	- %	(4,970)	(4,970)	Note 1
Formosa Optical Technology Corporation	Bao Wei Optical Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sell optical glasses, frames and eye care solution	100,000	100,000	10,000	100.00 %	296,427	- %	64,059	64,059	Note 1
Formosa Optical Technology Corporation	Bao Xiang Optical Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sell optical glasses, frames and eye care solution	84,322	84,322	6,000	100.00 %	31,116	- %	(3,560)	(3,560)	Note 1
Formosa Optical Technology Corporation	Bao An Shi Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sell medical consumable goods	54,000	54,000	5,400	90.00 %	51,264	- %	(2,556)	(2,300)	Note 1
New Path International Co., Ltd.	Glamor Vision Ltd.	Cayman	Investment activities	USD 121,241	USD 121,241	2	18.39 %	USD 9,794	- %	643,726	118,381	
Glamor Vision Ltd.	Ginko International Co., Ltd.	Cayman	Investment activities	USD 944,130	USD 944,130	-	100.00 %	175,831	- %	817,221	-	
Ginko International Co., Ltd.	Prosper Link International Limited (BVI)	British Virgin Islands	Investment activities	USD 2,760	USD 2,760	-	100.00 %	18,612,110	- %	1,439,641	-	
Ginko International Co., Ltd.	Yung Sheng Optical Corporation Limited	Taiwan	Merchandise and sale of contact lenses and care solution	1,600,000	1,600,000	80,000	100.00 %	4,250,586	- %	314,272	-	
Prosper Link International Limited (BVI)	Haichang International Limited.	Hong Kong	Investment activities	USD 2,718	USD 2,718	-	100.00 %	18,813,882	- %	1,439,668	-	
Yung Sheng Optical Corporation Limited	Gain Bless Management Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment activities	USD 1,200	USD -	3,150	100.00 %	29,211	- %	10,340	-	
Gain Bless Management Ltd.	Horien Optic(Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Merchandise and sale of contact lenses and care solution	USD 2,971	USD 2,971	9,222	100.00 %	41,342	- %	10,147	-	
Yung Sheng Optical Corporation Limited	Master Harvest Global Ltd.	Anguilla	Investment activities	USD 7,200	USD 7,200	7,200	100.00 %	110,003	- %	5,444	-	

(Continued)

FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products	Original investment amount		Balance as of December 31, 2024			Highest Percentage of ownership	Net income (losses) of investee	Share of profits/losses of investee	Note
				December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Shares (thousands)	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value				
Yung Sheng Optical Corporation Limited	Asiastar Co.,Ltd.	Taiwan	Merchandise and sale of contact lenses and care solution	32,000	32,000	100	100.00 %	(7,770)	- %	(771)	-	
Master Harvest Global Ltd.	Eishou Optical Co., Ltd	Japan	Merchandise and sale of contact lenses and care solution	JPY 168,531	JPY 140,700	23,000	100.00 %	7,988	- %	18,872	-	
Master Harvest Global Ltd.	Uni-Beauty Co.,Ltd.	Japan	Merchandise and sale of contact lenses and care solution	JPY 710,000	JPY 710,000	41,000	100.00 %	44,340	- %	(13,727)	-	

Note 1: All amounts have been eliminated upon consolidation.

(c) Information on investment in mainland China:

(i) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of investee	Main businesses and products	Total amount of paid-in capital	Method of investment	Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2024	Investment flows		Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2024	Net income (losses) of the investee	Percentage of ownership	Highest percentage of ownership	Investment income (losses) (note 2)	Book value (note 3)	Accumulated remittance of earnings in current period
					Outflow	Inflow							
"Haichang Contact Lens Co., Ltd."	"Merchandise and sale of contact lenses and care solution"	2,666,043 (USD81,319)	Note 1	68,488 (USD2,089)	-	-	68,488 (USD2,089)	1,267,725 (RMB284,607)	18.39%	-%	233,135	14,081,027	242,349 (USD7,547)
"Jiangsu Horien Contact Lens Co., Ltd."	"Merchandise and sale of contact lenses and care solution"	67,170 (RMB15,000)	Note 1	4,459 (USD136)	-	-	4,459 (USD136)	295,552 (RMB66,352)	18.39%	-%	54,352	5,589,077	-
"Shanghai Keben Optics Co., Ltd"	"Sale of contact lenses, care solution and eye drop"	6,704 (RMB1,497)	Note 1	1,311	- (USD-)	-	1,311 (USD40)	4,704 (RMB1,056)	18.39%	-%	865	6,731	-
"Shanghai Horien Contact Lens Optics Co."	"Sale of contact lenses, care solution and eye drop"	335,850 (RMB75,000)	Note 1	-	-	-	-	(18,779) (RMB4,216)	18.39%	-%	(3,454)	(174,221)	-
"Shanghai Foresight Contact Lens Co., Ltd."	"Sale of contact lenses, care solution and eye drop"	111,950 (USD25,000)	Note 1	- (USD-)	-	-	-	(149,259) (RMB33,509)	18.39%	-%	(27,449)	(3,690)	-
"Heilongjiang Province Dingtai Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd."	Manufacture tablet, capsule, powder and granule	- (USD-	Note 1	6,754 (USD206)	-	-	6,754 (USD206)	- (RMB-)	-%	-%	-	-	-
"Heilongjiang Haichang Biological Technology Co., Ltd."	"Regular operation subjects: manufacturehealth care products, providetechnologyconsultant, technology service. Provision onoperation subjects:R&D and manufacture bottlewater, water spray, medical adhesivetape,artificial skin, disinfectant, preservative,bio-antibacterial, whey protein andother medical material and products (with related effective provision)"	344,243 (USD10,500)	Note 1	73,897 (USD2,254)	-	-	73,897 (USD2,254)	(10,183) (RMB2,286)	11.36%	-%	-	(12,280) (USD388)	-

Note:Heilongjiang Province Dingtai Pharmace utical Co., Ltd. sold its shareholding in the Company in September 2024.

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(ii) Limitation on investment in Mainland China:

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2024	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on Investment
154,745 (USD4,720)	664,519 (USD20,269)	2,087,164

Note 1: Indirect investment in mainland China through holding companies.

Note 2: The financial statements that were used as basis for calculating the investments were audited by the independent auditors.

Note 3: The investment is transferred to the subsidiary which was 100% owned by the Group. The book value of the investment at the end of the period is the book value of the equity recognized by Glamor Vision Ltd., which is accounted for using the equity method.

Note 4: According to the "Regulations Governing the Examination of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China", the cumulative amount of investment in the Mainland China shall not exceed 60% of the net value or the combined net value, whichever is higher.

(iii) Significant transactions: None

(d) Major shareholders:

Shareholder's Name	Shareholding	Shares	Percentage
Chieh Fu International Co., Ltd.		10,857,057	18.07 %
Chi Sheng Co., Ltd.		5,745,025	9.56 %
Chen, Zhi-Yong		3,204,558	5.33 %

**(14) Segment information:**

(a) General information

The Group specializes in glasses business that is operated by the chief operating decision makers from the perspective of customer base. Operating segments disclosed by the Group mainly derive revenues from the business divisions of both Formosa Optical Technology and Bo Wei Optical.

(Continued)

**FORMOSA OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

- (b) Information about reportable segments and their measurement and reconciliations:

The Group's operating segments financial information and reconciliation were as follows:

<b>2024</b>					
	<b>Formosa</b>	<b>Bao Wei</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Reconciliation and elimination</b>	<b>Total</b>
Revenue					
Revenue from external customers	\$ 2,914,132	918,695	139,240	-	3,972,067
Total revenue	<u>\$ 2,914,132</u>	<u>918,695</u>	<u>139,240</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,972,067</u>
Reportable segment profit or loss	<u>\$ 604,852</u>	<u>77,303</u>	<u>190,202</u>	<u>(254,517)</u>	<u>617,840</u>
Reportable segment assets	<u>\$ 7,384,076</u>	<u>807,311</u>	<u>2,594,280</u>	<u>(2,786,052)</u>	<u>7,999,615</u>
Reportable segment liabilities	<u>\$ 3,911,166</u>	<u>510,884</u>	<u>102,216</u>	<u>(3,257)</u>	<u>4,521,009</u>
<b>2023</b>					
	<b>Formosa</b>	<b>Bao Wei</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Reconciliation and elimination</b>	<b>Total</b>
Revenue					
Revenue from external customers	\$ 2,837,002	910,773	116,081	-	3,863,856
Total revenue	<u>\$ 2,837,002</u>	<u>910,773</u>	<u>116,081</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,863,856</u>
Reportable segment profit or loss	<u>\$ 487,879</u>	<u>68,146</u>	<u>72,127</u>	<u>(128,745)</u>	<u>499,407</u>
Reportable segment assets	<u>\$ 6,520,866</u>	<u>785,836</u>	<u>2,440,857</u>	<u>(2,609,691)</u>	<u>7,137,868</u>
Reportable segment liabilities	<u>\$ 3,563,175</u>	<u>513,579</u>	<u>100,599</u>	<u>(3,128)</u>	<u>4,174,225</u>

- (c) Product and service information

All of the Group's revenues are from external customers; please refer to 6(u) for related information.

- (d) Geographic information

All of the Group's operations are located in Taiwan.

- (e) Major customers

As the Group has a broad customer base, its transactions are not significantly concentrated within a single customer. There is no single customer accounting for more than 10% of the Group's total operating revenue.